## THIS WEEK'S MESSAGE

#### SEPTEMBER 17TH - 18TH, 2022 // BOOK OF ESTHER

#### APPROACHING THE KING (ESTHER 5:1-8)

Queen Esther has finished a three-day/three-night fast in order to seek God's favor before approaching the king (4:16, vs. 1).

- She's hoping to appeal to the king about a royal decree concerning the genocide of every Jew in the Persian Empire in 11 months' time.
- This decree was concocted by the wicked Haman (who hated the Jews) and agreed upon by King Ahasuerus (3:10-11).

The difficulty behind Esther interceding for the lives of her people before the king was that she was only allowed to come to the king when called.

- If she came on her own, she could be executed for approaching the king without an invitation.
- While Esther was completely dependent on God to give her favor with the king, she also showed a considerable amount of courage in her willingness to go before the king!

On the third day of the three-day fast, Esther changes into her royal clothing (presumably out of her mourning garments) and stands in the inner court of the palace facing the entrance of the king's throne (vs. 1).

- When the king looks up and sees Esther, his heart toward her is softened.
- She gains favor with him as he extends his scepter towards her as a sign of approval (vs. 2). "The king's heart is like channels of water in the hand of the Lord; He turns it wherever He wishes." -Proverbs 21:1
  - God is able to guide and change hearts: even someone as noble and powerful as a king!
  - God is able to give **His people favor with those in positions of influence and authority** so that we can accomplish His purposes in the world.

Even though Esther was completely dependent on God to give her favor with the king (and God answered that request), she showed a tremendous amount of tact, patience, and wisdom (vs. 3-5).

It would seem that she wants to win the king's confidence in her and that she's putting

together a plan to expose Haman's wickedness before the king. So she invites the king and his second in command, Haman, to a banquet.

- In ancient Persian culture, no serious discussion occurred during the meal, but once the meal was finished and the wine was served, important issues could be addressed (vs. 6).
- The king asks Esther once more what her request might be, and Esther simply invites the king and Haman to a second banquet the next day (vs. 7-8). WHY DIDN'T SHE JUST ASK THE KING RIGHT THEN?

- Possibility #1: She didn't have the courage at that moment and needed more time.
- Possibility #2: She planned on two banquets all along to win the king's approval.

Possibility #3: She deciphered through divine wisdom, patience, and humility that it simply wasn't the right time to make the request.

### GOOD SPIRITS & RAGE (ESTHER 5:9-14)

Imagine leaving a state dinner hosted exclusively for you by the king and queen of the land...and on your way home, your Jewish neighbor doesn't wave at you. • Haman has been given **the highest honor in the land**, and yet the disapproval by just one

- person (Mordecai) causes him to feel worthless!
- What a picture of the inability of the world's rewards to address humanity's insecurities. "STILL, NONE OF THIS SATISFIES ME..." (VS. 13)

Haman leaves the palace feeling like the man, but Mordecai's refusal to bow to him or fear him makes him feel small (vs. 9-13).

- Haman's problem wasn't Mordecai: it was the emptiness of his own heart and the meaningless of all that he was living for.
- Haman's rage was an indication of his feelings of powerlessness and loss of control.

### THE APPROVAL TRAP.

If you live for the applause and accolades of other people, you'll die by their criticism and disapproval.

- If you seek out fame, honor, recognition, or the approval of others for yourself, you'll only see other people as competitors for the honor that you desire.

Haman is a miserable, empty, sick-hearted man.
 Insecure, selfish, and prideful people will often seek out advice from other fools.

They're not searching for **true wisdom**, but only for things they already want to hear. Haman's wife, Zeresh, and all his friends give him a solution to fix his insecurity and anger-arrange a public, humiliating execution by hanging Mordecai the Jew on gallows 75 feet high (vs. 14). There's no absence of bad advice in our world—so many of us go looking for what we think is new

information that simply confirms our own existing beliefs or ideas.

- So many of us look to sinful solutions (like violence, in Haman's case) to try to solve the pain, emptiness, or helplessness we feel on the inside. Nothing can **fix the brokenness of our innermost being** other than the God that knows and
- loves us completely

## A SLEEPLESS NIGHT (ESTHER 6:1-9)

King Ahasuerus did what many of us do when we can't sleep—we read or look for a **mental diversion** to may help us feel sleepy again.

- The king calls for the chronicles, or the book that records daily events in the kingdom, to be read to him so he can fall asleep (vs. 1).
- Out of all the volumes of the Persian chronicles, one particular book just so happens to be brought in to be read (vs. 2).

Don't miss the sovereign rule of God in the midst of what seems like a series of coincidences.

It's not a coincidence that the king can't sleep— sometimes, God wakes us up for a very specific reason.

- It's not a coincidence that this volume of the chronicles was selected for the king to hear read.
- God is active and involved in the day-to-day events of humanity.

The book could have been opened to any page, but it was opened to the exact page telling the story of Mordecai and how he saved the king from assassination (vs. 2).

- God guided every step along the way!
- At some point in the reading, the king interrupts and asks, "What have we done to honor this man?" He learns that nothing has been done (vs. 3).

Haman "coincidentally" happens to be in the outer court (he's preparing the gallows to hang Mordecai), so the king calls for his second in command to come in and counsel him on how to honor someone who has done a noble thing (vs. 5-6).

Haman is so self-absorbed, arrogant, and entitled he can't think of anyone else worthy of receiving this honor other than himself.

Haman thinks about what he would want for a reward, choosing very empty things that really don't matter much (vs. 8-9).

- Haman's desire was simply to flaunt his greatness and have others adore him.
- But God was sovereignly arranging Haman's pride and arrogance to be the cause of his ultimate humiliation.
- God is just: we will reap what we sow (Gal. 6:7).

## A REVERSAL (ESTHER 6:10-14)

Can you imagine the look on Haman's face when he discovers that the honor he thinks is for him belongs to the man he hates more than anyone in the world: Mordecai the Jew??

- It's so ironic it's almost comical to imagine the humiliation, shame, and embarrassment Haman **must feel** as he is the one who parades Mordecai through the city and must publicly honor him (vs. 10-11).
- "Whoever exalts himself will be humbled, and whoever humbles himself will be exalted." -Matthew 23:12
  - If we won't humble ourselves, we set ourselves up to be humiliated.
  - God knows how to exalt and honor those who have chosen to be humble, serve others, and not seek out honor and glory for themselves.

Haman is so **absolutely disgraced**, shamed, and humiliated by this whole affair, he hurries home "mournful and with his head covered" (vs. 12).

- Haman is quite literally acting as if someone near and dear to him has died—this is the ultimate blow to both his pride and public image.
- In his devastation and humiliation, he turns to the advice of his wife and friends, but they don't have good news for him anymore.

Those who previously encouraged him in his reckless pursuit of killing Mordecai now predict Haman's downfall (vs. 13).

- Haman wouldn't prevail over Mordecai, but Mordecai would prevail over Haman!
- Isn't this how the advice of fools usually goes? Empty, foolish guidance is given that leads to disaster, and then no help or aid is offered at all.

Before Haman had any time to recover, he was whisked away to the queen's banquet, with his wife and friends' prediction about his downfall still ringing in his ears (vs. 14).

God is about to reverse the entire wicked scheme of Haman and bring him to the point of ultimate humiliation.

# Proud, godless people can make plans, but the purposes of Almighty God always prevail. GOD IS ACTIVE AND INVOLVED IN THE DAY-TO-DAY EVENTS OF HUMANITY.

- There are no coincidences! Not even sleepless nights or random turns of the page.
  - God is able to guide and change people's hearts: even the hearts of kings (Prov. 21:1).
- If you feel alone, unseen, or like God is absent from your story—open your eyes and look to see

- WHATEVER WE SOW, WE ALSO REAP (GAL. 6:7-8).
  If we live to please our flesh, we will from the flesh reap destruction, dishonor, and humiliation.
  - If you live by the sword, you will die by the sword (Matt. 26:52).

  - If you live to please the Spirit, from the Spirit, you will reap eternal life. Living righteously, being obedient to God, and following the Holy Spirit has eternal rewards.

## WHY WE STRUGGLE WITH PRIDE.

- The **proud (i.e., the insecure and weak-minded)** seek out fame, honor, and recognition for themselves because, deep down, they don't feel worthy, wanted, or good enough.
- ٠ In that desire to fill **the inner emptiness and insecurity** comes the pursuit of applause, recognition, and honor from other people.

# • But it never works! We always need more. GOD KNOWS HOW TO HUMBLE THE PROUD.

- When we live for our own fame, honor, or recognition, we will only be able to see others as competitors for the honor we crave.
- This leads us to do incredibly hurtful and shameful things to "crush the competition," which sets us in opposition against Almighty God (James 4:6).
- This leads to our own humiliation.
- GOD WILL EXALT THOSE WHO CHOOSE HUMILITY.
  - All throughout the Bible, God specializes in exalting the unnoticed, obscure, and dismissed (the shepherd boy David, the stutterer Moses, and the Jewish gatekeeper Mordecai).
  - It may take time, but God works on His timing, and He never forgets.
  - Will we choose the path of obedience, honor, wisdom, tact, and humility and trust God with the outcome?